Wei (Erik) He, M.D.

Phone: 402-304-5865

PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE

Katy Neurology, PLLC Attending Neurologist, subspecializing in dementia and memory care Katy, TX August 22, 2022 – Present Summary of duties:

• Assessment, diagnosis, and treatment of neurologic conditions, averaging 12 appointments daily

Relocation July 25, 2022 -August 21, 2022

Northwestern Medicine Regional Medical Group Attending Neurologist, subspecializing in dementia and memory care Geneva, IL July 18, 2018 – July 24, 2022 Summary of duties:

- Assessment, diagnosis, and treatment of neurologic conditions at two clinics, averaging 14 appointments daily
- Inpatient call every 3-4 weeks at two hospitals, including stroke call
- Teaching seminars and clinical rotations for family medicine residents

EDUCATION

University of Illinois Hospital at Chicago Fellowship in Behavioral Neurology and Neuropsychiatry Chicago, IL July 1, 2017 – June 30, 2018

University of Illinois Hospital at Chicago Residency in Neurology Chicago, IL June 24, 2013 – June 30, 2017

Rosalind Franklin University of Medicine and Science – Chicago Medical School Doctor of Medicine North Chicago, IL August 12, 2009 – June 7, 2013

University of Nebraska – Lincoln Bachelor of Science in Psychology (minor in computer science) Lincoln, NE August 14, 2003 – Dec 21, 2007

LICENSURE AND CERTIFICATION

Licensed Physician in State of Texas, United States American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology – September 2017 United Council for Neurologic Subspecialties – November 2018

RESEARCH EXPERIENCE

- 1. **He, W** (2017). Monoclonal antibodies and the blood-brain barrier: Therapeutic mechanisms and strategies. Neurology Grand Rounds presentation. UIC Department of Neurology and Rehabilitation.
- 2. Li M, **He W**, and Chen J (2011) Time course of prepulse inhibition disruption induced by dopamine agonists and NMDA antagonists: Effects of drug administration regimen. Pharmacology, Biochemistry and Behavior, 99(3), 509-518.
- 3. Li M, **He W**, and Heupel K (2011) Administration of clozapine to a mother rat potentiates pup ultrasonic vocalization in response to separation and re-separation: Contrast with haloperidol. Behavioural Brain Research, 2011 Apr 4.
- 4. Li M, **He W**, and Volf N (2011): Time course of the attenuation effect of repeated antipsychotic treatment on prepulse inhibition disruption induced by repeated phencyclidine treatment. Pharmacology, Biochemistry and Behavior, 2011 Mar 19.
- Sun T, He W, Hu G, Li M (2010) Anxiolytic property of risperidone and olanzapine as examined in multiple measures of fear in rats. Pharmacology, Biochemistry and Behavior, 2010 May;95(3):298-307. Epub 2010 Feb 16.
- 6. Li M, He W, and Mead A (2009) An investigation of the behavioral mechanisms of antipsychotic action using a drug-drug conditioning paradigm. Behavioural Pharmacology. 2009 Mar;20(2):184-94.
- Li M, He W, and Mead A (2009) Olanzapine and risperidone disrupt conditioned avoidance responding in phencyclidine or amphetamine pretreated rats by selectively weakening motivational salience of conditioned stimulus. Behavioural Pharmacology, Feb; 20(1):84-98.
- 8. Li M, He W and Munro R (2008) Amphetamine Selectively Enhances Avoidance Responding to a Less Salient Stimulus in Rats. Journal of Neural Transmission, May;115(5):773-6.
- Li M, Munro R, Mead A, He W (2007) Sensitization to amphetamine, but not phencyclidine, enhances avoidance responding to a less salient stimulus but does not impair social interaction and social working memory in rats. Poster session presented at the biannual meeting of the Society for Neuroscience, San Diego, CA.

REFERENCES

Available on request